

Multiple Choice

Directions: Read each of the following partial statements or questions carefully. Circle only the best answer.

8. Article II of the U.S. Constitution lists the duties and powers of
 - a. the legislative branch.
 - b. the executive branch.
 - c. the judicial branch.
 - d. the people.

9. Which of the following is not a power belonging to the president of the United States?
 - a. acts as commander in chief of the armed forces
 - b. makes treaties
 - c. writes bills that become laws
 - d. appoints ambassadors and judges with the consent of the Senate

10. What are some duties the president has?
 - a. makes sure departments carry out and enforce laws passed by Congress
 - b. prepares a budget suggesting how the nation's money should be spent
 - c. deals with foreign countries
 - d. The president does all of the above.

11. When a president appoints a judge or ambassador
 - a. the House of Representatives has to approve the person.
 - b. the Senate has to approve the person.
 - c. the judicial branch has to approve the person.
 - d. the people have to approve the person.

12. When a president makes a treaty with another country
 - a. the House of Representatives has to approve the treaty before it can take effect.
 - b. the Senate has to approve the treaty before it can take effect.
 - c. the judicial branch has to approve the treaty before it can take effect.
 - d. the people have to approve the treaty before it can take effect.

13. Only the _____ can declare war, but the _____ conduct it.
 - a. Congress; president
 - b. president; Congress
 - c. Congress; people
 - d. president; military generals

14. If the president doesn't want a bill to become law, he can _____ it.
 - a. veto
 - b. not sign
 - c. impeach
 - d. appoint

15. To help the president run the country, Congress created four _____ to help out.
- a. branches of government
 - b. departments
 - c. houses
 - d. Secretaries
16. If the president vetoes a bill, the _____ can still pass it if _____ of each house agree.
- a. Senate; half
 - b. House of Representatives; half
 - c. Congress; two-thirds
 - d. Supreme Court; two-thirds

Lesson 14 Answers

1. F 2. C 3. E 4. D 5. A 6. B 7. SEE PAGE 114, "REVIEW THE LESSON," QUESTION 2
8. B 9. C 10. D 11. B 12. B 13. A 14. A 15. B 16. C